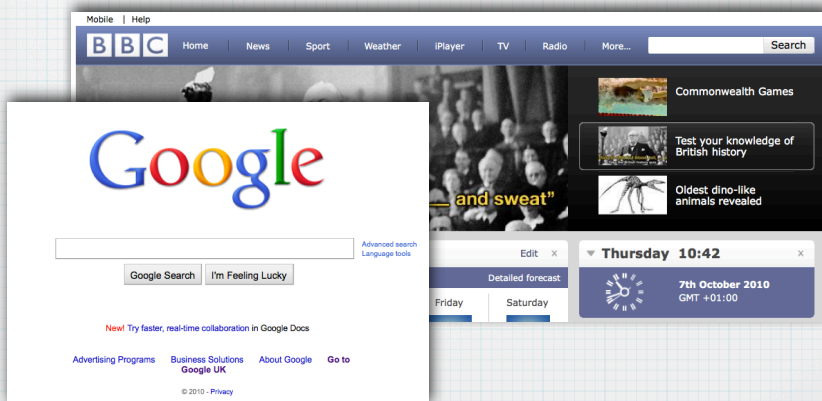


PHP

forms,
control structures - if / switch

Web forms

Most common way of getting data from user



Web forms

TV feedback

This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas

Provide your feedback

How many times do you watch soaps a week:

Thank you for your feedback

Demo

Web forms

TV feedback

This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas

Provide your feedback

How many times do you watch soaps a week:

Thank you for your feedback

Input field - submit button

Input field - text

Web forms

No PHP in here - can be saved as an **.html** file

```
<body>
<h1>TV feedback</h1>
<p>This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas</p>
<h2>Provide your feedback</h2>

<form name="soapform" action="responsel.php" method="get">

<p>How many times do you watch soaps a week:<input type="text" name="timesaweek" /></p>
<p>Thank you for your feedback <input type="submit" name="continue" /></p>

</form>
</body>
```

Web forms

form must be indicated by **form** element

```
<body>
<h1>TV feedback</h1>
<p>This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas</p>
<h2>Provide your feedback</h2>

<form name="soapform" action="responsel.php" method="get">

</form>
</body>
```

Needs at least three attributes **name**, **action** and **method**

Web forms

form must be indicated by **form** element

```
<body>
<h1>TV feedback</h1>
<p>This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas</p>
<h2>Provide your feedback</h2>

<form name="soapform" action="response1.php" method="get">
```

Use **name** to give each form
on the page a unique name

```
</form>
</body>
```

Web forms

form must be indicated by **form** element

```
<body>
<h1>TV feedback</h1>
<p>This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas</p>
<h2>Provide your feedback</h2>

<form name="soapform" action="response1.php" method="get">
```

Use **action** to indicate the
'next' page where the form
will be processed

```
</form>
</body>
```

Web forms

form must be indicated by **form** element

```
<body>
<h1>TV feedback</h1>
<p>This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas</p>
<h2>Provide your feedback</h2>

<form name="soapform" action="response1.php" method="get">
```

Use **method** to indicate the
way that data will be
transferred

```
</form>
</body>
```

Web forms

Two ways of passing information between pages

get	form information is passed through the URL
post	form information is embedded in the HTTP stream

..more on this in a minute

form elements

TV feedback

This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas

Provide your feedback

How many times do you watch soaps a week:

Thank you for your feedback

```
<input type="text" name="timesaweek" />
<input type="submit" name="continue" />
```

Give every form element a unique **name** - these are used to pass the data values and in the processing page

method="get"

The form values are passed in the URL using **name = value** pairs

```
responseget1.php?timesaweek=4&continue=Submit+Query
```

method="get"

The form values are passed in the URL using **name = value pairs**

```
responseget1.php?timesaweek=4&continue=Submit+Query
```

Special encoding has to occur for spaces, =, & etc.

Called **URL encoding** and done automatically by the browser - note that **name** comes from the form

method="get"

The form values are passed in the URL using **name = value pairs**

```
responseget1.php?timesaweek=4&continue=Submit+Query
```

The continue button is also a form element - here with the default value

\$_GET['...']

php creates a variable for each form element passed through using this notation

```
$_GET['form_element_name']
```

Best to create a variable to get values out at the top of the page

```
$timesaweek = $_GET['timesaweek'];
```

Web forms

responseget1.php page

```
<?php
$timesaweek =$_GET['timesaweek'];
?>

<html>
<head>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Responses</h1>
<p>Here are the results</p>
<p>
<?php
print "<p>The amount watched was ".$timesaweek."</p>";

?>
</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Web forms - POST example

TV feedback

This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas

Provide your feedback

How many times do you watch soaps a week:

Thank you for your feedback

Looks the same in the browser

method="post"

```
<body>
<h1>TV feedback</h1>
<p>This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas</p>
<h2>Provide your feedback</h2>

<form name="soapform" action="response2.php" method="post">

<p>How many times do you watch soaps a week:<input type="text" name="timesaweek" /></p>
<p>Thank you for your feedback <input type="submit" name="continue" /></p>

</form>
</body>
```

Small change here

But how is the data passed to the next page when using POST?

Web forms

Two ways of passing information between pages

get	form information is passed through the URL
post	form information is embedded in the HTTP stream

Web forms

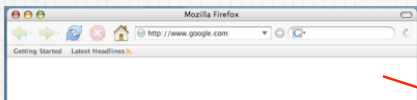
Two ways of passing information between pages

get	form information is passed through the URL
post	form information is embedded in the HTTP stream

How POST works ...

User clicks on form

Page request AND data is sent to server using HTTP



1010101001010100100101
0101010101010101010101
0101010101010101010101
0101010101010101010101
0101010101010101010101
0001001....

```
POST /responses.php HTTP/1.1
Host: www.example.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0
Content-Length: 27
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

timesaweek=4&continue=Submit+Query
```

`$_POST['...']`

php creates a variable for each form element passed through using this notation

```
$_POST['form_element_name']
```

Best to create a variable to get values out at the top of the page

```
$timesaweek = $_POST['timesaweek'];
```

Web forms

responsepost1.php page

```
<?php
$timesaweek = $_POST['timesaweek'];
?>

<html>
<head>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Responses</h1>
<p>Here are the results</p>
<p>
<?php
print "<p>The amount watched was ".$timesaweek."</p>";
?>
</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Uses the `_POST` array

Method choice - GET vs POST

GET - visible, bookmarkable

POST - not seen on screen, not bookmarkable

Control structures / flow control

- if ... else
- Switch
- for loops
- while ... do ..
- do ... while ...

Much of this material is explained in [PHP programming 2nd Ed. Chap 2](#)

Control structures / flow control

- if ... else
- Switch
- for loops
- while ... do ..
- do ... while ...

Much of this material is explained in [PHP programming 2nd Ed. Chap 2](#)

if ... else

The **if** statement checks the truthfulness of an expression and, if the expression is **true**, evaluates a statement:

```
if (expression)  
    statement
```

predicate must be in brackets



if ... else

To specify an alternative statement to execute when the expression is false, use the **else** keyword:

```
if (expression)
    statement
else
    statement
```

if ... else

To include more than one statement in an if statement, use a block / curly brace-enclosed set of statements:

```
if (expression){
    statement;
    statement;
}
else {
    statement;
    statement;
};
```

Example

Should we take an umbrella ?

```
$weather="Sunny";
print "<p>The Weather is: ".$weather."</p>";
if ($weather=="Rainy"){
    print "<p>Take an umbrella</p>";
}
else
{
    print "<p>Forget the umbrella - its nice!</p>";
};
```

Note - Excellent PHP manual on-line

<http://uk.php.net/>

Every entry has

- Description
- Syntax
- Examples
- Comments and hints from other users

More form elements

TV feedback

This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas

Provide your feedback

Soap Opera:

Drop down select box

How many times do you watch this programme a week:

Other Comments:

Thank you for your feedback

Text area

Web forms

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C/DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/loose.dtd">
<html>
<head>
<title>TV Feedback</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>TV feedback</h1>
<p>This form will allow you to provide feedback for your favourite soap operas</p>
<h2>Provide your feedback</h2>
<form name="form1" action="response3.php" method="post">
<p>Soap Opera:
<select name="soapname">
<option value="EE">Eastenders</option>
<option value="CS">Coronation Street</option>
<option value="EMD">Emmerdale</option>
</select>
</p>
<p>How many times do you watch this programme a week:<input type="text" name="timesaweek" /></p>
<p>Other Comments: <textarea name="comments" cols="60" rows="3"></textarea></p>
<p>Thank you for your feedback
<input type="submit" name="continue" value="Continue" />
<input type="submit" name="continue" value="Cancel" />
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

Web forms response.php page

```
<p>Here are the results</p>
<p>
<?php
$soapname=$_POST['soapname'];
$timesaweek=$_POST['timesaweek'];
$rating=$_POST['rating'];
$comments=$_POST['comments'];
$continue=$_POST['continue'];

if($continue=="Continue"){
    print "<p> The soap watched is ";
    if($soapname=="EE") {
        print "Eastenders";
    }
    else if($soapname=="CS") {
        print "Coronation Street";
    }
    else {
        print "Emmerdale";
    }
};
print "</p>";
print "The amount watched was ".$timesaweek."<br />";
print "Comments ".$comments."<br />";
}
else
{
    print "The cancel button was pressed";
};
?>
</p>
```