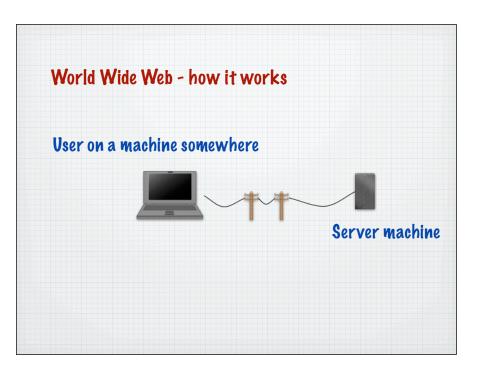
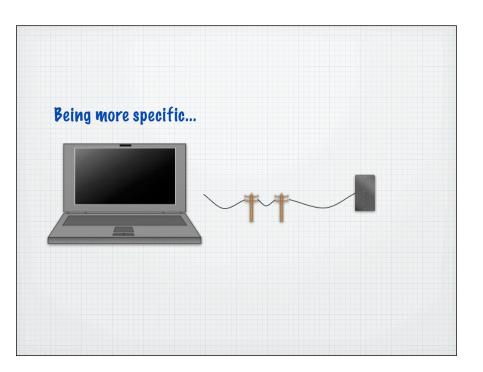
World Wide Web WWW usage requires a combination of standards and protocols DHCP TCP/IP DNS

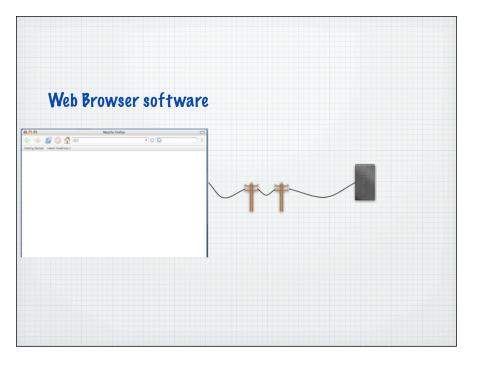
HTML

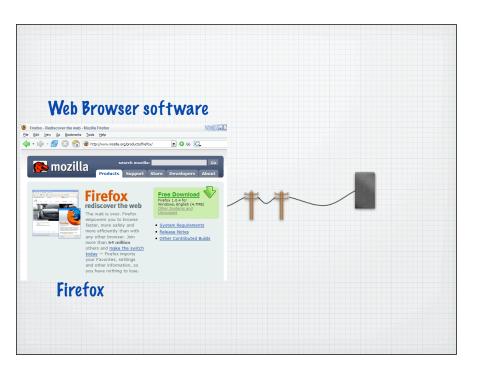
MIME

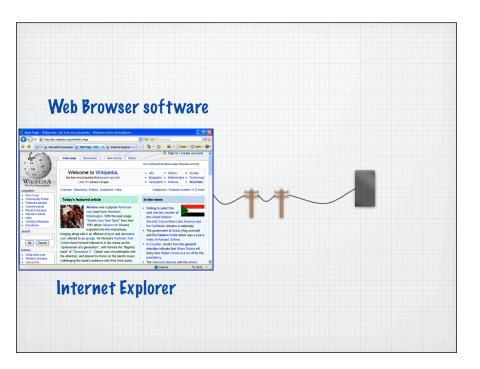
HTTP

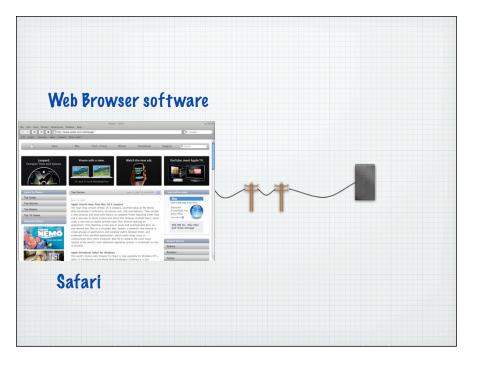




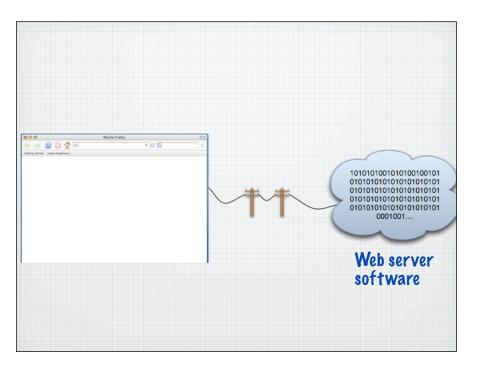


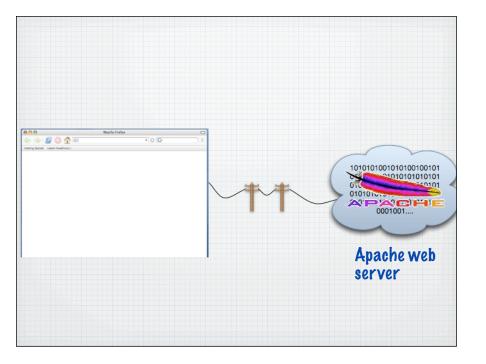


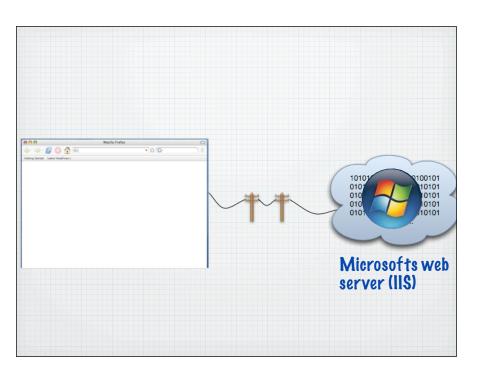


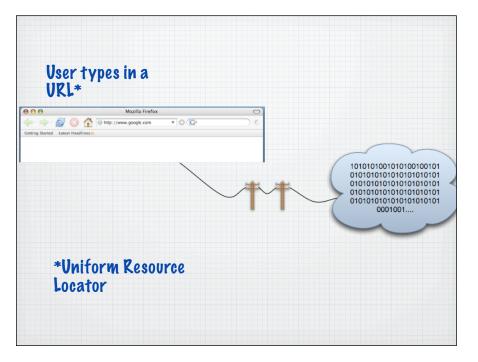


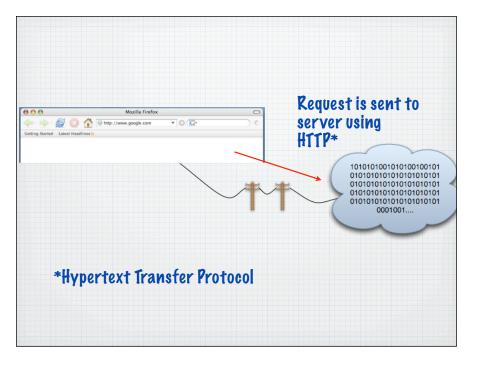


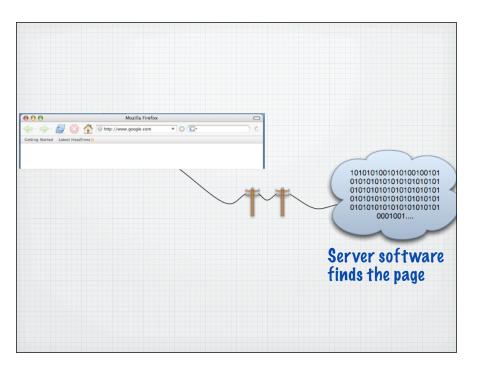


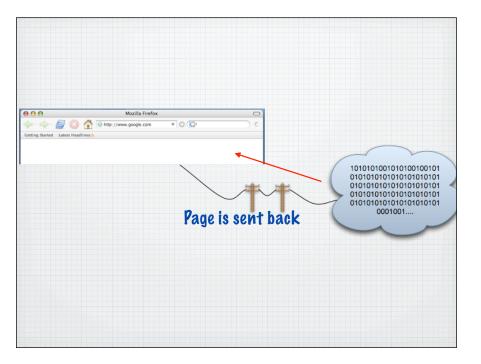


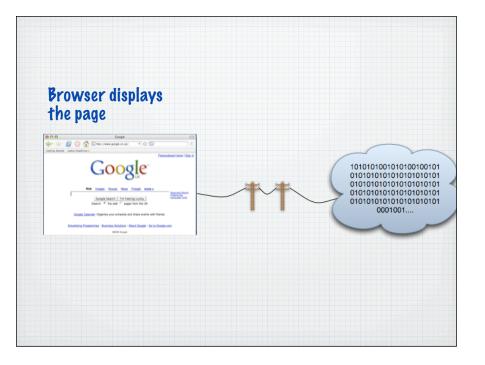




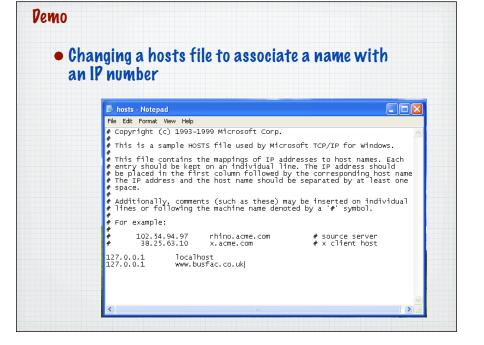


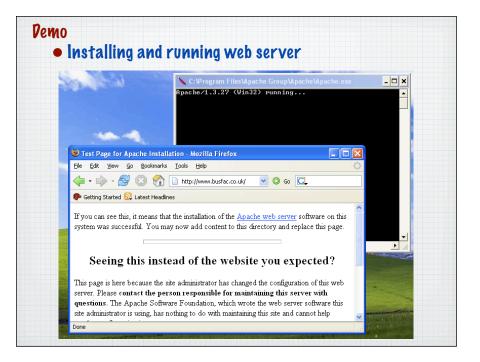


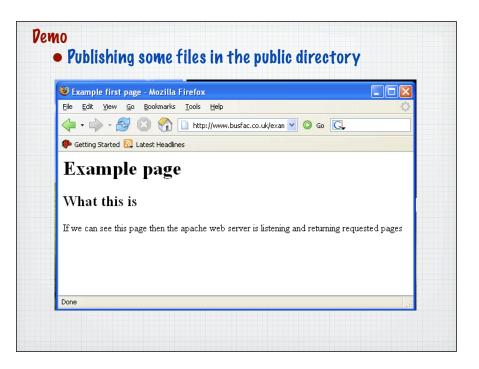




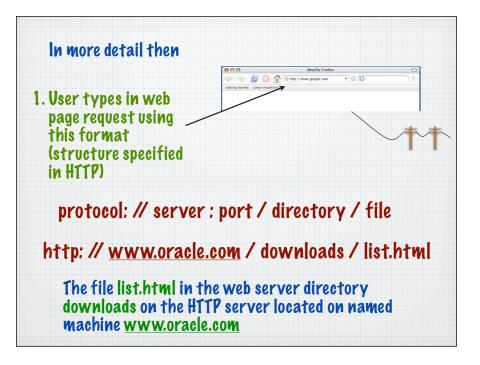
Pemo Changing a hosts file to associate a name with an IP number Installing and running a web server Publishing some files in the public directory

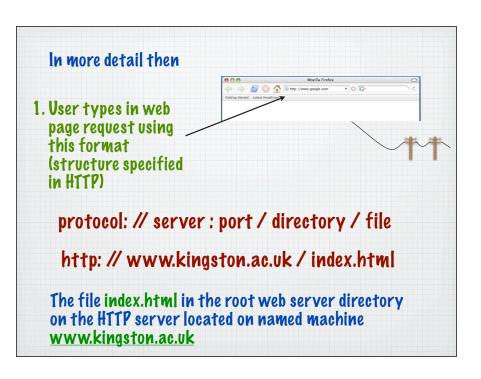


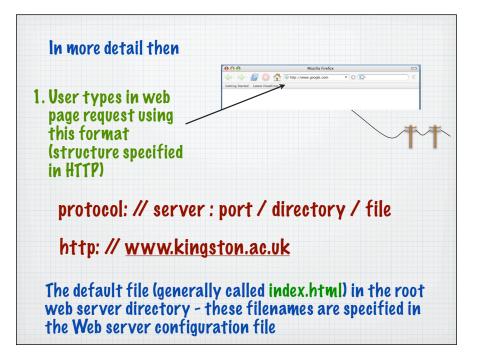




In more detail then 1. User types in web page request using a special format 2. Browser sends HTTP request 3. Server sends HTTP response 4. Browser renders and displays page









1. User types in web page request using this format (structure specified in HTTP)



protocol: // server : port / directory / file

http://www.kingston.ac.uk:80/index.html

The file index.html in the root directory of the HTTP server listening on port 80 on machine www.kingston.ac.uk

http://www.kingston.ac.uk:80/index.html

Several software services may run on the same machine - the port number is used to distinguish them

80 is the default port number for HTTP servers (again specified in the web server configuration files)

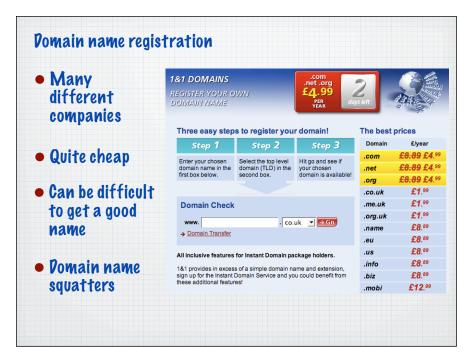
Other examples:

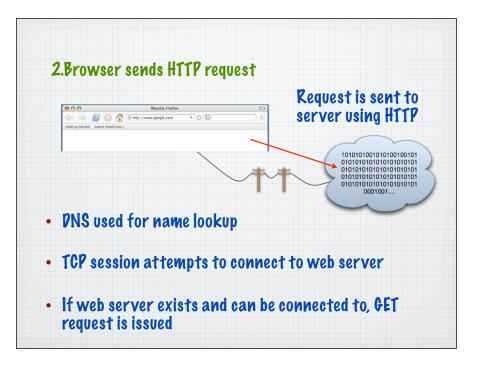
http://www.kingston.ac.uk/~kul 2492

The file index.html in the web server directory for user kul 2492

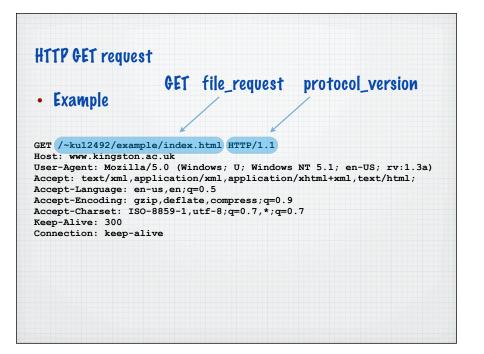
Typically is used to provide a shortcut link to a sub directory on the web server rather than specifying the full path

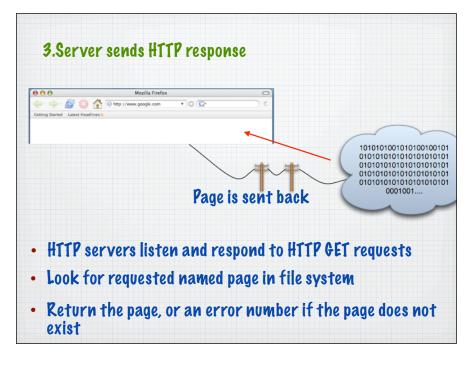
Using port 80 by default (even though not specified)

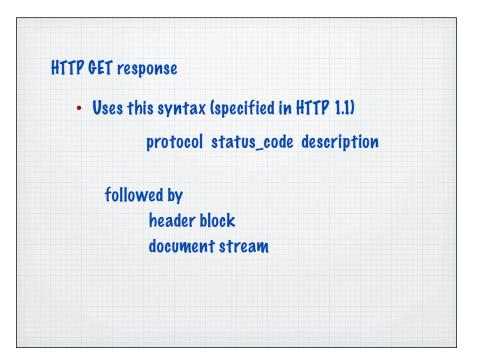












HTTP GET response

Example

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: Sun, 26 Nov 2006 09:18:33 GMT

Server: Apache/1.3.27 (Unix)
Last-Modified: Tue, 14 Jan 2006 11:46:32 GMT

Accept-Ranges: bytes Content-Length: 3181

Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=99

Connection: Keep-Alive Content-Type: text/html

<html> <head>

<title>Example Page</title>

MIME types

- Multimedia Internet Mail Extensions
- Originally created to indicate what kind of file was attached to an email message...
- ...and how it could be transmitted and processed

text/css text/javascript image/gif

http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/

Web pages consist of html text, images and more

- HTTP can be used to transfer text, binary or other 'types' of files
- · Requires viewers at the client end (accessible by the browser)

Web Server architecture

HTTP processor

To receive and send HTTP encoded streams

Script processor

Server side programming

May be module based so that any language can be switched in

· Security and Management system

User groups and passwords

Web Server architecture

Normal PC specification

Needs efficient networking, average graphics capability, large storage



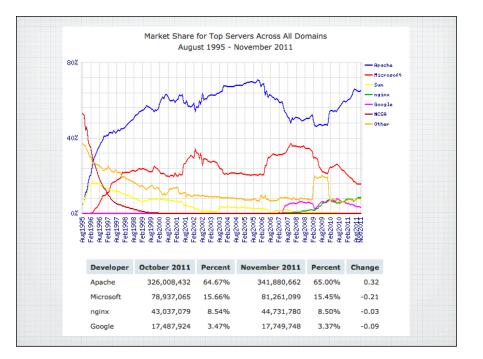
First web server machine

Now in Microcosm, CERN museum in Geneva, Switzerland

Web Server software

Sites like Neteraft monitor the statistics
 http://news.neteraft.com/

• Two competing products have 85% of the market share



Internet Information Server

- · Microsoft's Web Server (20-30% of Market)
- · Native support for Active Server Pages
- Supports Microsoft's 'extensions'
- Integrates into Microsoft's Active Directory management system
- · Windows OS specific (and integrated)

(continued)

- · Easy to install (possibly a disadvantage)
- · Possibly the most hacked software ever
- Appalling security record
- · Key part of .Net

Apache

- · Open Source Web Server
- Free and most widely used (50-60% of market)
- Not bound to slow development and release cycle
- · Cross platform
- Supports all server side languages (including ASP)

Web browser architecture

HTTP processor

To create and receive HTTP encoded streams

Script processor

Client side programming

• Mark up language processor (Parser)

HTML, XHTML or XML family

and ...

• Layout and Rendering engine

To show processed mark up on screen

Object Model

Enables the document to be processed as a tree data structure

Now standardised by W3C (POM)

Internet Explorer - History

- Originally licensed from NCSA Mosaic
- National Centre for Supercomputing Applications at the University of Illinois
- IE 4.0 beat Netscape 4.0 when bundled with Windows 98
- Originally a better browser on Windows (faster)
- Major application required for Microsoft's .Net initiative

Internet Explorer

· Based on the Trident rendering engine

No name IE4 Initial rendering engine

No name IE5 improved CSS1.0 support and had sweeping changes in

CSS2 rendering

No name IE5.5 More corrections to CSS handling

No name IE6 Corrected the box model and added quirks mode with DTD

switching

Trident 3 IE7 fixed many CSS rendering issues and added partial PNG

alpha support

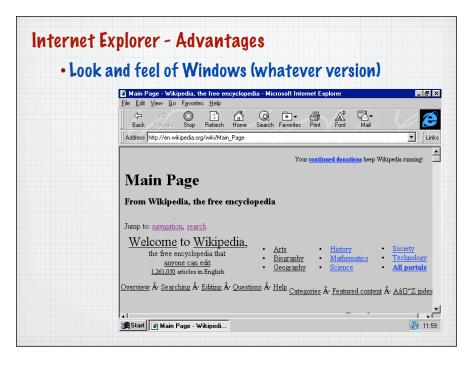
Trident 4 IE8 first version to pass the Acid 2 test

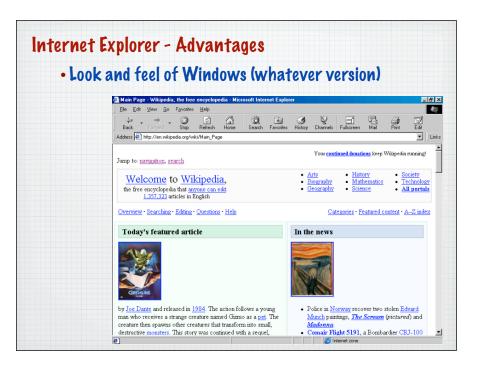
Trident 5 IE9 Added support for SVG, XHTML, HTML5 and CSS3

Internet Explorer - Advantages

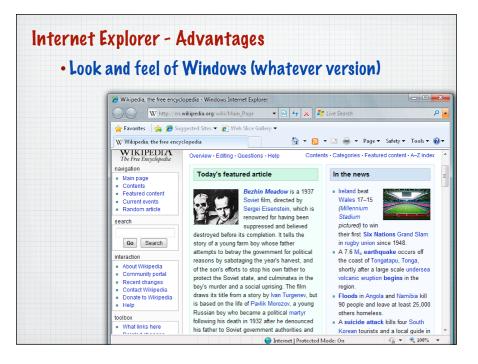
Look and feel of Windows (whatever version)

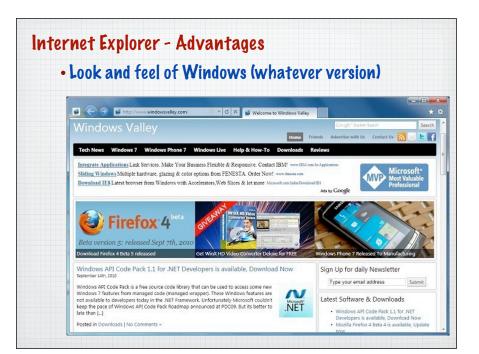












Internet Explorer - Advantages • Free • Standard part of Windows so optimised • Integrated into Operating System so HTTP engine available in other Windows applications • Supports Microsoft's IIS extensions • Supports client side programming language Basic and Active X

Internet Explorer - Disadvantages

- Not free (paid for in Windows cost)
- Can't be removed from Windows (limited platforms)
- Bloated software (large slow support for new standards)
- Integrated into Operating System so HTTP engine available in other Windows applications
- Supports Microsoft's IIS extensions (not standard)

Bizarrely ...

· Microsoft has 4 different rendering engines

Trident

Microsoft Word HTMLengine

Microsoft Expression engine

Windows Mobile HTML engine

Trident

Peveloped for IE and now used widely in Windows

Internet Explorer for Windows from 4.0 onwards
Windows file manager/shell, Windows Explorer
Add/Remove Programs tool used to render the list of installed programs
Microsoft InfoPath
Microsoft Gompiled HTML Help
Microsoft Outlook (prior to 2007)
Microsoft Outlook Express
MSN Messenger
Windows Media Player, which uses Trident to render the "Media Information" pages

Microsoft Word HTMLengine

Peveloped for use Word to create/view HTML

Microsoft Office Outlook 2007 onwards

Many critics of the Outlook change

http://www.sitepoint.com/newsletter/viewissue.php?id=3&issue=156#5

http://blog.wired.com/monkeybites/2007/01/outlook_2007_ad.html

http://www.campaignmonitor.com/blog/archives/2007/01/microsoft_takes_email_design_b.html

To make sure you get this email each month, please add <code>davidg@campaignmonitor.com</code> to your contacts. <code>Read why</code> you should ask your recipients to do this too. Having trouble viewing this, <code>check it out</code> in your browser.



CampaignMonitor

Not-So-Monthly Tips & Updates

Welcome to the December issue of Campaign Monitor's Tips & Updates.

It's been a while and we've got a seriously bumber issue for you this month. Don't miss the new designs in our gallery, some very useful tips, a cool competition and some much requested new features

Inspiration, Tips and a Competition

11 awesome new email designs in the gallery

You guys have been at it again. We've added no less than 11 amazing email designs to the gallery since our last newsletter, with plenty more to come before the year is up.

Inside the new .Mac webmail client

Mark takes a neek inside Apples brand new .Mac webmail client to test its support for CSS and standards based emails. The result wasn't pretty but there is a workaround for the desperate.



Stay in the loop

For all the latest product news, tips and talk on email newsletters and list management, head to the





Check out the new features, sign in to your account now...



To make sure you get this email each month, please add davido@campaignmonitor.com to your contacts. Read why you should ask your recipients to do this too. Having trouble viewing this, check it out in your browser.

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Mark takes a peek inside Apples brand new .Mac webmail client to test its support for CSS and standards based emails. The result wasn't pretty but there is a workaround for the desperate.

Optimizing for Gmail's snippets and Outlook's AutoPreview

We tested a cool little method you can use to ensure your email has the best chance possible of being opened in Gmail and Outlook. The best part is, it only takes 30 seconds to do.

30% of your recipients don't even know your images are missing

Another study that hits home how important it is to ensure your email looks and works great with images on or off. Those of you still sending predominantly image based emails, here's the slap in the face you need.

Holiday Competition - 60,000 email credits up for grabs

Outlook (2007 +)

Microsoft Expression Engine

For Microsofts new range of competitor products to Adobe

Windows Mobile HTML engine

Peveloped for browsers on mobiles

Pocket PC Windows Mobile

Internet Explorer - Disadvantages

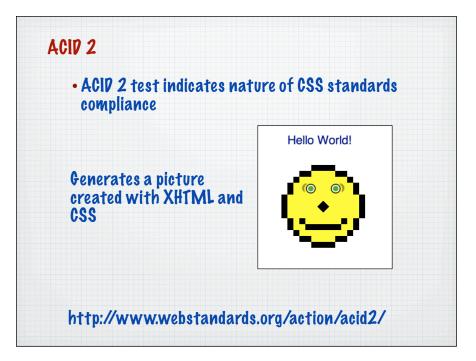
· Major problem - poor support for standards

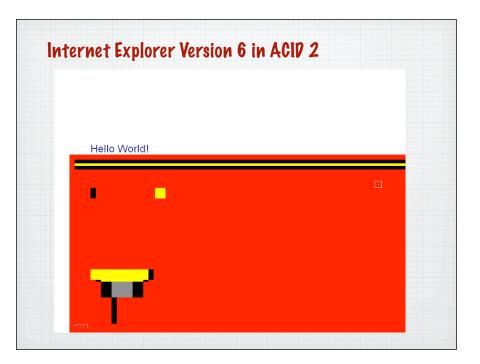
vi	July 1995
v2	November 1995
v3	August 1996
v4	September 1997
v5	March 1999
v6	August 2001
v7	October 2006
v8	March 2009
v9	March 2011
v10	Announced April '11

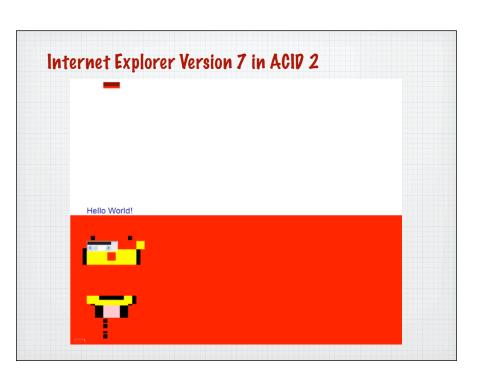
Internet Explorer - Disadvantages

Many browser CSS comparison sites:

http://www.webdevout.net/browser-support-css







Internet Explorer Version 8 March 2009 IE Version 8 passes ACID 2 (finally)



Firefox - History

- · Born out of Netscape / Mozilla
- Open Source



• Written in the Mozilla development environment

Firefox - History

Very fast development cycle

νl	November 2004
v1.5	November 2005
v2	October 2006
v3	June 2008
v3.5	June 2009
v3.6	January 2010
v4.0	March 2011

 Design aim - keep the browser simple, small and fast

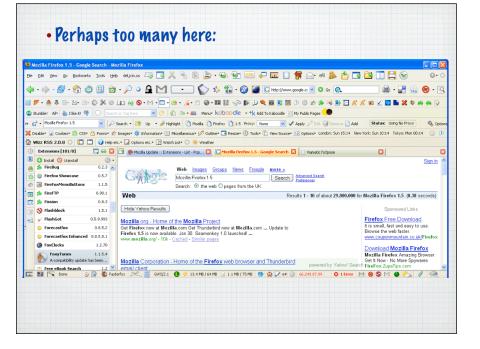
Firefox - History

- · Release cycle was slowing ...
 - · ... so rapid release implemented

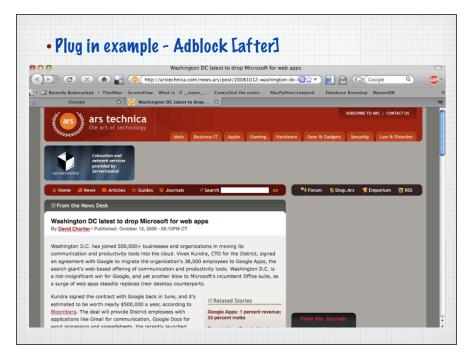
v5.0	June 2011	
v6.0	August 2011	
v7.0	September 2011	
v8.0	November 2011	
v9.0	000	
v10	in build	

Firefox

- · First browser to promote the idea of extensions
- · Allow users to add the feature they want



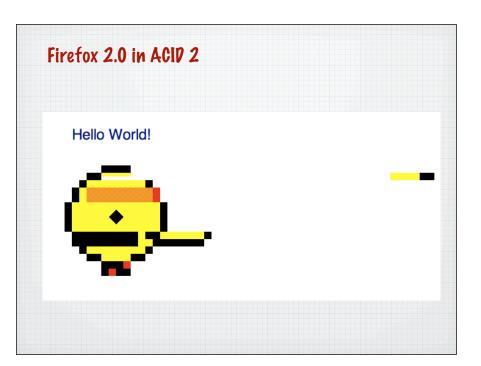


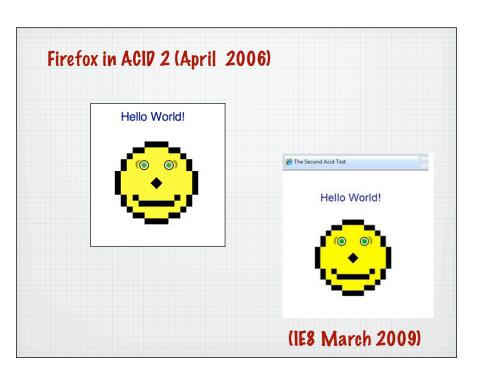


Firefox - Advantages • Free apart from download costs • Not tied to Operating System • Nice design elements Tabbed browsing, pop up window configuration, anti-phishing

Firefox - Disadvantages

- · Separate download
- No support for Microsoft non standard extensions
- Not integrated into the Windows platform (Outlook and Office)





Safari

- Apple
- Open Source
- WebKit rendering engine derived from KHTML
- · Mac OS X and PC
- · iPhone and iPad

Opera

- · Opera Software
- Propriety/Moving to Open Source
- · Presto rendering engine
- · Multiplatform

Safari - History

 Produced to counter Microsofts "we'll stop supporting IE on Mac" threat

νĺ	June 2003
v2	April 2005
v3	June 2007
v4	June 2008
v5	June 2010
v5.11	Oct 2011

- Forked from the open source KHTML rendering engine on Linux (not Mozilla)
- First browser to pass ACID 2 in 2005
- · Same code base used on Mac OS X, iPhone and iPad

Opera - History

v2	June 1996
 v9.5	 Oct 2007
000	000

- v1 research project at Telenor (telecommunications company in Norway)
- · Fast, multiplatform, large market share on mobiles
- One of the first browsers to offer CSS support

Chief technical officer of the Opera Software company Håkon Wium Lie - creator of CSS web standard

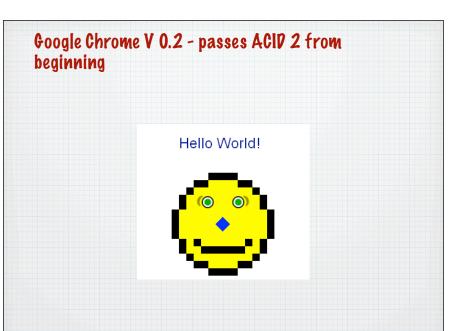
Google Chrome

 Very different architecture

v0.2	September 08
***	202
v5.0.307	Jan 2010
200	***
v9.0.587	November 2010

v1 7.0.9	November 2011

- · Process Independent tabs (reducing crashes)
- · Open source and Web-Kit rendering engine
- Look for the Google Chrome comic online, which explains the architecture



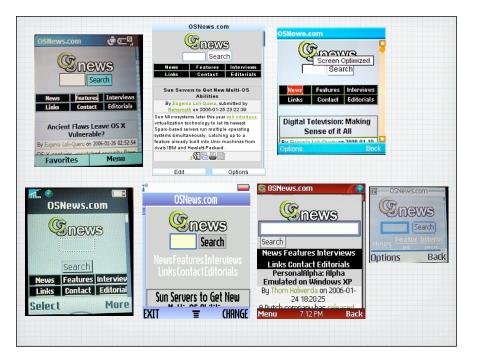
Mobile web

· Many different mobile browsers









Mobile web

- · Generally don't support all web standards
- · Offer 'cut down' experience
- Better ones are derived from proper PC browser rendering engines
- Expensive data plan, charged by the MB

iPhone Safari

• Closest so far to standard web experience



Synchronised bookmarks

Javascript, CSS support

Touch screen zoom

Inclusive data plan

Derived from Safari and webkit

ACID 3 DOM2 Core DOM2 EventsDOM2 HTMLDOM2 Range ACID 3 increases focus on POM DOM2 Style (getComputedStyle, ...) DOM2 Traversal (NodeIterator, TreeWalker) DOM2 Views (defaultView) ECMAScript HTML4 (<object>, <iframe>, ...) HTTP (Content-Type, 404, ...) Media Queries Selectors (:lang, :nth-child(), combinators, dynamic changes, ...) • XHTML 1.0 CSS2 (@font-face) CSS2.1 ('inline-block', 'pre-wrap', parsing...) CSS3 Color (rgba(), hsla(), ...) CSS3 UI ('cursor') • data: URIs Still in development http://www.webstandards.org/action/acid3

